



PON VIDYASHRAM GROUP OF CBSE SCHOOLS
ANNUAL EXAMINATION (2017-18)
SOCIAL WORKSHEET

Name: _____

Std: V Sec:

Treeless Grass lands

I. Quiz on:-

1. The continent that does not have grasslands.
2. Prairies lie between the latitudes.....
3. About what percent of the united states of America is covered by prairies.
4. Name of the Grasslands in Russia.

II. Answer in one word:-

1. Name the two important rivers in prairies.
2. Who were considered as the working class of the cattle industry?
3. Name the type of the grass which grows up to eight feet?
4. Name the mineral found in prairies.
5. About how much part of the most prairie plants are grown below the soil.

III. True of False:

1. Treeless grasslands are situated near the equator
2. Cattle rearing is a popular occupation on the hilly parts of the prairies.
3. Mechanised farming gives employment to most people on the prairie grasslands.
4. Silos are houses on a farm with buildings around it.
5. Extreme climate means hot summers and cold winters.

IV. Circle the odd one out:

- | | | | |
|---------------|-----------|----------|---------------|
| 1. Igloos | silos | ranches | homesteads |
| 2. Harvesting | ploughing | fishing | winnowing |
| 3. Corn | juice | barley | wheat |
| 4. Velds | steppes | Downs | Himalayas. |
| 5. Coyote | Bison | Kangaroo | Rattle snake. |

V. Answer the following questions:

1. Name any three machines commonly used in farms.
2. Why are the prairies treeless Grasslands?
3. What type of land is found towards the west side of the prairies?
4. Name the different types of grasses that grow in the prairies.
5. In the prairies, machines have almost replaced by manual labour. Explain.

Governing ourselves.

I. Quiz on:

1. The official residence of the president is _____
2. Who is the chairman of the Rajya sabha?
3. Who is the head of the state?
4. The prime minister has a special team of ministers called _____
5. Who makes laws for the whole country?

II. Match the following :

- | | | |
|---------------------|---|------------------------|
| 1. State Government | - | Gram panchayat |
| 2. Cities | - | Chief justice of India |
| 3. Supreme court | - | Right to vote |
| 4. Local Government | - | Municipal Corporation |
| 5. 18 years | - | Governor. |

III. Choose the Correct answer -

1. Most of the members of the Rajya sabha are ()
a. nominated b. replaced c. elected d. retired
2. The Judges of the supreme court are appointed by the _____ ()
a. president b. Prime minister c. Speaker d. Governor
3. The Lok Sabha can have a maximum of ()
a. 12 members b. 552 members c. 238 members d. 543 members
4. India has _____ union territories ()
a. six b. seven c. 28 d. 27
5. The legislative proceedings in the Lok sabha are guided by _____ ()
a. All the members b. The President c. Prime minister d. The speaker

IV. Answer the following:

1. How is the Government formed?
2. Who is eligible to contest to Lok sabha elections?
3. What is Democracy?
4. When a Coalition Government forms?
5. What does the Parliament consists of?

V. Hots :

1. Raju has lost a case in the High court. However, he does not think of it as the final judgment. Why?
2. Why do people join different political parties?
3. We do have a 'Right To Justice'. And we should fight for our rights. Do you think arguing with parents or elders, to watch Tv longer than you are allowed to, is fighting for your rights? Why/ why not?
4. What is the difference between a Union territory and a state and how is each governed?
5. What is the Right to information Act?
